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APPLICATION NO.	FIL	ING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/869,887	02/20/2002		Jerome F. McAleer	SELF.P-016-3	SELF.P-016-3 1254	
21121	7590	06/09/2004		EXAMINER		
OPPEDAH P O BOX 50		ARSON LLP	NOGUEROLA, ALEXANDER STEPHAN			
DILLON, CO 80435-5068				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
				1753		

DATE MAILED: 06/09/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
		09/869,887	MCALEER ET AL.				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
		ALEX NOGUEROLA	1753				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
THE - Extended - If the - If NO - Failthe - Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply period for reply specified above, the maximum statutory period re to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	id(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day- ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONEI	wely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. 0 (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1)[🛛	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 20 Fe	hruary 2002					
		action is non-final.					
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposit	ion of Claims						
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	<ul> <li>☑ Claim(s) 1-10 is/are pending in the application.</li> <li>4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.</li> <li>☑ Claim(s) is/are allowed.</li> <li>☑ Claim(s) 1-10 is/are rejected.</li> <li>☑ Claim(s) is/are objected to.</li> <li>☑ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.</li> </ul>						
Applicati	ion Papers						
10)⊠	The specification is objected to by the Examiner The drawing(s) filed on <u>20 February 2002</u> is/are Applicant may not request that any objection to the d Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examinary	: a) accepted or b) objected lrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is obj	37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.  2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.  3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
Attachment	( <b>s</b> )						
2) D Notice 3) D Inforn	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) No(s)/Mail Date	4)	e,				

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## DETAILED ACTION

## **Double Patenting**

1. A rejection based on double patenting of the "same invention" type finds its support in the language of 35 U.S.C. 101 which states that "whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process ... may obtain a patent therefor ..." (Emphasis added). Thus, the term "same invention," in this context, means an invention drawn to identical subject matter. See Miller v. Eagle Mfg. Co., 151 U.S. 186 (1894); In re Ockert, 245 F.2d 467, 114 USPQ 330 (CCPA 1957); and In re Vogel, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970).

A statutory type (35 U.S.C. 101) double patenting rejection can be overcome by canceling or amending the conflicting claims so they are no longer coextensive in scope. The filing of a terminal disclaimer <u>cannot</u> overcome a double patenting rejection based upon 35 U.S.C. 101.

- 2. Claim I is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 as claiming the same invention as that of claim 12 of prior U.S. Patent No. 6,241,862 B1. This is a double patenting rejection.
- 3. Claim 2 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 as claiming the same invention as that of claim 13 of prior U.S. Patent No. 6,241,862 B1. This is a double patenting rejection.
- 4. Claim 3 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 as claiming the same invention as that of claim 14 of prior U.S. Patent No. 6,241,862 B1. This is a double patenting rejection.

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5. Claim 4 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 as claiming the same invention as that of

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claim 15 of prior U.S. Patent No. 6,241,862 B1. This is a double patenting rejection.

6. Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 as claiming the same invention as that of

claim 16 of prior U.S. Patent No. 6,241,862 B1. This is a double patenting rejection.

7. Claim 6 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 as claiming the same invention as that of

claim 17 of prior U.S. Patent No. 6,241,862 B1. This is a double patenting rejection.

8. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed.

Cir. 1993); In re Longi, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); In re Van Ornum, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); In re Vogel, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA

1970); and, In re Thorington, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

CFR 3.73(b).

9. Claim 7 is rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double

patenting as being unpatentable over the combination of claims 14 and 18 of U.S. Patent

No.6,241,862 B1. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably

distinct from each other because the combination of claims 14 and 18 of U.S. Patent No.6,241,862 B1, which each depends from claim 12, teaches all of has all of the limitations of

claim 7 of the instant application.

claim 8 of the instant application.

10. Claim 8 is rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over the combination of claims 14 and 19 of U.S. Patent No.6,241,862 B1. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the combination of claims 14 and 19 of U.S. Patent No.6,241,862 B1, which each depends from claim 12, teaches all of has all of the limitations of

- 11. Claim 9 is rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over the combination of claims 14 and 20 of U.S. Patent No.6,241,862 B1. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the combination of claims 14 and 20 of U.S. Patent No.6,241,862 B1, which each depends from claim 12, teaches all of has all of the limitations of claim 9 of the instant application.
- 12. Claim 10 is rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over the combination of claims 14 and 21 of U.S. Patent No.6,241,862 B1. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably

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distinct from each other because the combination of claims 14 and 21 of U.S. Patent

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No.6,241,862 B1, which each depends from claim 12, teaches all of has all of the limitations of

claim 10 of the instant application.

## Claim Objections

13. Claim 1 is objected to because of the following informality: in line 19 "elements" should

--element --.

14. Appropriate correction is required.

15. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to ALEX NOGUEROLA whose telephone number is (571) 272-

1343. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:30 - 5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, NAM NGUYEN can be reached on (571) 272-1342. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Alex Noguerola Primary Examiner AU 1753 June 3, 2004